## United States District Court

for the District of NEVADA United States of America ) v. ) 2:12-cr-00084-JCM-GWF Case No. THOMAS LAMB Defendant DETENTION ORDER PENDING TRIAL After conducting a detention hearing under the Bail Reform Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f), I conclude that these facts require that the defendant be detained pending trial. Part I—Findings of Fact ☐ (1) The defendant is charged with an offense described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1) and has previously been convicted of  $\square$  a federal offense  $\square$  a state or local offense that would have been a federal offense if federal jurisdiction had existed - that is a crime of violence as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 3156(a)(4)or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5) for which the prison term is 10 years or more. □ an offense for which the maximum sentence is death or life imprisonment. an offense for which a maximum prison term of ten years or more is prescribed in □ a felony committed after the defendant had been convicted of two or more prior federal offenses described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1)(A)-(C), or comparable state or local offenses:  $\square$  any felony that is not a crime of violence but involves: □ a minor victim □ the possession or use of a firearm or destructive device or any other dangerous weapon ☐ a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250 The offense described in finding (1) was committed while the defendant was on release pending trial for a  $\square$  (2) federal, state release or local offense. A period of less than five years has elapsed since the  $\Box$  date of conviction ☐ the defendant's release  $\square$  (3) from prison for the offense described in finding (1). Findings Nos. (1), (2) and (3) establish a rebuttable presumption that no condition will reasonably assure the  $\square$  (4) safety of another person or the community. I further find that the defendant has not rebutted this presumption. Alternative Findings (A)  $\Box$  (1) There is probable cause to believe that the defendant has committed an offense ☐ for which a maximum prison term of ten years or more is prescribed in

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	for the
	District of <u>NEVADA</u>
	□ under 18 U.S.C. § 924(c).
□ (2)	The defendant has not rebutted the presumption established by finding 1 that no condition will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance and the safety of the community.
	Alternative Findings (B)
x (1)	There is a serious risk that the defendant will not appear.
□ (2)	There is a serious risk that the defendant will endanger the safety of another person or the community.
	The court finds by a clear preponderance of the evidence that the defendant is a risk of flight based upon the nature of the charges in this case, lack of any demonstrated family ties, lack of any demonstrated community ties, lack of any lawful employment, lack of any financial resources demonstrating ties to the community or ability to post bail and defendant's prior criminal history.
	Part II— Statement of the Reasons for Detention  I find that the testimony and information submitted at the detention hearing establishes by □ clear and
convinc	ing evidence x a preponderance of the evidence that
the defe	ndant is a risk of flight.
	Part III—Directions Regarding Detention
in a corr pending order of	The defendant is committed to the custody of the Attorney General or a designated representative for confinement rections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or held in custody appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity to consult privately with defense counsel. On United States Court or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility liver the defendant to the United States marshal for a court appearance.
Date:	March 26, 2012 Robert Johnston
	Judge's Signature

ROBERT J. JOHNSTON, U.S. Magistrate Judge

Name and Title